

## LEGISLATURE ADJOURNED

(From Thursday Advertiser.)

One rap upon the desk of President of the Senate, Mr. A. K. Kanahele, three upon the desk of Speaker of the House, H. L. Holstein, the seventh legislative session of the Territory of Hawaii adjourned last night at 10:15, last night at thirty-five minutes past eleven.

Because in the course of legislation and by virtue of the tactics of its backers, Senate Bill 101, the Hoffman Electric Franchise Bill, was delivered to the Governor eleven days before the end of the session, the closing scenes last night took upon themselves a semblance of actual political drama, not unworthy of their setting in the throne room of the Island Palace of bygone kings.

The one rap upon the senate table and the three raps upon the table of the house waited last night upon a frantic fight for just one vote—one vote out of forty-two—that would mean victory for an underground lobby bent upon getting that one bill enacted into law. For sixty days this lobby has been working steadily and resolutely for the passage of S. B. 101. No one, not even those who had sure proof of its actuality, knew its motives. Yet because the Governor was compelled to veto this bill, the Capitol filled last night with the men who wanted it passed; the houses waited while the lobby trapped the members on the stairs or caught them in the alcoves, pleading, begging—for the one vote vote. That was how important the bill became at eight o'clock last night when the legislature convened for the last time.

When adjournment sine die was taken, the bill was dead. The forty-second vote was still in the right column.

## Coke Led the Lobby.

That lobby consisted of the entire mechanical force of a large garage, of half a score prominent business men, a few hotel proprietors, and a few liquor dealers. It was led by Senator James C. Cooke. And because two pledged men switched their votes when the house of representatives moved to pass the bill, notwithstanding the Governor's veto, James C. Cooke stood in the hall and called down curses on the heads of the faithful.

Early in the afternoon the senate took a remarkable vote and overrode the Governor's veto by thirteen votes to one. The only man who voted to sustain the veto was Senator Albert Judd of Oahu.

With this formidable precedent before it the house placed consideration of the veto at ten o'clock. It was taken up at once.

Asch and Curry, the first two on the roll call, voted to override. The two Cooke brothers followed. Eleven other members also called. At the end of the first roll call there were thirteen votes to override and two to sustain.

It required twenty votes to sustain the veto. One member was dead, another had mysteriously departed overseas, so out of the remaining thirteen votes, it required seven to override. They got six.

Those voted to sustain: G. H. Cooke, G. P. Cooke, H. L. Lyman, Makaka, Sheldon, Spalding, Taravara and Watkins.

## Holstein Helped.

Huddly voted kanaloa, not only the first time but also the second. His name was read again. He seemed to struggle for breath and made a circle with his mouth.

"The gentleman votes no," announced the Speaker calmly.

Huddly was one of those who switched on Cooke after faithfully pledging himself to override the veto.

The other was Norman K. Lyman. He also voted kanaloa twice. The Speaker ordered his name to be read again at once. He stammered, wavered and voted no.

The vote was taken shortly after nine o'clock. The lobby had one more chance, a vote to reconsider. Naturally, either Huddly or Lyman was the man to do it, having voted with the sustaining members. After another roll call, Lyman, lobbyist after lobbyist threatened, begged, to force him to switch. Meanwhile, fighting for time in the senate, Cooke directed the efforts of his friends and fought as well himself. He interviewed Holstein in his private office. He called down curses on Huddly in public, "did everything possible" with Lyman. Lyman represented the forty-second vote and he would not move to reconsider.

## Allround Delays.

The last moments of the session saw "Jim" take back at his desk in the senate sparring for the extra minute that might mean Lyman's conversion. Starting in with Lyman he endeavored each senator in turn, wavered, wavered, wavered on his feet, weighing each word, and directing his efforts to each senator in turn until he had reached the President and adjourned.

The President sent him a hily and he held it while he wandered on over the virtues of Senator Pali. Ten minutes later, the committee from the house waited upon the senate to inform it that the house was ready to adjourn.

"Well, I see," sighed Senator James A. Cooke and pined to himself a plan and whereon was read: "Awe, Hoffman Electric Light!"

The Rev. J. A. Akina called down the divine blessing, the first and last sentences of the minutes were read and approved, and the regular session of the senate of 1913 ceased to be.

In the house the Rev. Akina Akina asked the blessing and while the strains of Hawaii Pono floated out of window and door from the throats of beauteous and virtuous legislators, the lobby disappeared into the rain beneath the trees.

## Presentation—Many.

Presentations were on the order of business of both house and senate last night. The presiding officers were presented with testimonials, one sergeant-at-arms at least was honored and more members were presented with compliments from the minority or vice versa.

A near little address by Senator Chillingworth preceded presentation to President Kanahele by Senators Wirtz

and Brown of an extremely beautiful loving cup. Sergeant-at-arms Kaleihoa, the priceless ornament of the senate, was presented with a fine copy of the revised laws by the admiring members for he had expressed a hope that he could become a lawyer.

Senator Wirtz wished that he might become a lawyer like Jim Cooke or Albert Judd.

## Watch for Holstein.

One of the most pleasing incidents of the closing hour of the house was the presentation of a beautiful gold Elgin watch and chain to Speaker Holstein.

Representative Paxson, recognized leader of the Democratic minority, moved that all rules be suspended and Speaker Holstein left the dais and went on the floor.

"Mr. Speaker," said Representative Paxson, "if I ever expect to make a good Democrat of you I must first get on an equal footing with you and be on the floor where I can 'watch' you. This session will be only a matter of history in a very short while, but before we adjourn sine die allow me on behalf of the members of this house to present you with this token of our regard."

Speaker Holstein thanked the members for the kind remembrance.

Later on Representative Kawakawa introduced a resolution of thanks to the speaker for the able, efficient and impartial manner in which he had conducted the arduous duties of his high office. Representative Sheldon moved a vote of thanks to Clerk Woodward, Assistant Clerk Evans and other officials and employees of the house. Representative Paxson moved a rising vote of thanks to Vice-Speaker Conely.

## Holstein Pleaded.

"I have just been apprised of the unanimous vote of this house on a resolution thanking me for the services that I have rendered as your speaker, and I desire to thank you two and all for your expressions of good will," said Speaker Holstein last night just before he

lapped the 1913 house out of existence, with an election to the speaker's chair.

Eight years ago, I was honored with an election to the speaker's chair. Three times I have received the unanimous vote and once, the vote of a majority, and I need not say, it was a source of gratification to me, to be so chosen.

It is a great honor to be a member of this house of representatives, and it is a distinction to be peculiarly prized, to be selected from that membership to preside over it, as speaker.

"I have always believed that the speaker is the servant of the house of representatives, and I have never, for the sake of the duty to the house, to obey its will, enforce its rules, and preside with courtesy and impartiality."

"This house has for the first time asserted a healthy minority, and I know that the functions of that minority are to place the majority on its guard, to prevent it from asserting the rights of the minority, ever ready to demand that treatment that the majority should have."

"It is a source of gratification to me that during my length of service the house has not lost its pride in the health, strength, courage, and loyalty of its members, and I am glad to say the last word, as speaker, having signed the last bill, sustained the order of the last time, with the passage of the seventh legislative session, to adjourn without day."

## CLOSING NOTES OF THE HOUSE

Sheldon introduced a resolution declaring it was the sense of the house that the hall of representatives should be kept and maintained exclusively for house sessions and the use of the people in matters of state ceremonies.

Under resolutions passed in the house last night, Clerk Woodward was allowed twenty days extra and Assistant Clerk Evans ten days more in order to complete the work of the house in regard to their departments. Chairman A. F. Tavares of the accounts and public expenditures committee and Speaker Holstein were authorized to pass upon all bills, now outstanding and unpaid and to order their payment.

Chairman Watkins introduced a concurrent resolution which apportions the expenditures to be made by the board of forestry and agriculture during the next two years from the moneys derived as the share of that department from the special income tax law.

Reporting on the expenditures of the house up to the closing day, Chairman Tavares of the accounts committee stated that out of the territorial appropriation a total of \$27,292.27, of which \$17,500 was compensation for members, had been spent. Out of the federal appropriation \$1,735.25 had been spent, the biggest item under this heading being \$442 paid as compensation for clerks and officers.

## LAST LAWS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR

Act 140, to reimburse certain laborers and material men for labor and material furnished and used in the construction of new buildings at the Boys' Industrial School at Waialeale, Oahu.

Act 142, to amend an Act incorporating the City and County of Honolulu.

Act 143, amending laws relating to street widening in Honolulu.

Act 144, making it a misdemeanor to use or smoke opium or have it in possession.

Act 145, entitled "An Act to Prohibit the Making or Uttering of Commercial Paper in Certain Cases."

Act 146, relating to property exempt from taxation.

Act 147, to make available for disbursement by the special agent in charge of the United States agricultural experiment station in Hawaii the sum of \$30,000 to be used in promoting the agricultural interests of the Territory and facilitating the marketing of the products of small agricultural holdings.

Act 148, to facilitate the marketing of fruits and vegetables grown in the Territory of Hawaii.

Act 149, to fix the school budget for the biennial period beginning July 1, 1913, and ending June 30, 1915.

Act 150, relating to harbors and wharves, amending, repealing and adding to certain laws relating thereto.

Act 151, to provide for the nomination or election of candidates for elective offices by direct vote.

Act 152, granting a franchise for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying gas in the district of South Hilo, county of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii.

Act 153, to authorize and provide for the manufacture, maintenance, distribution and supply of electric light and power within the Lahane district and the Kohala district, county of Kauai, Territory of Hawaii.

Act 154, to provide for Hawaii's exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, making a special appropriation for the construction of a building or the leasing of suitable space in another building or buildings to house such exhibit and for the expenses of its installation and maintenance.

Act 155, making appropriation for a mechanical, live stock, agricultural and horticultural fair.

Act 156, to prohibit the taking of salmon and trout with nets longer than twelve feet in the waters of the Territory of Hawaii.

Act 157, to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Act 158, making it a misdemeanor to defraud persons in the business of carrying passengers for hire in vehicles of any kind and prescribing the penalty therefor.

Act 159, prohibiting the sale of firearms to minors under the age of 16 years.

Act 160, to establish the Kuaui High School.

Act 161, to authorize the appointment of supervising principals for schools in the Territory of Hawaii.

Act 162, relating to the department of public instruction.

Act 163, to transfer the control and management of Kapiolani Park from the Honolulu Park Commission to the City and County of Honolulu, and to repeal certain laws relating to said park.

Act 164, relating to the conservation and development of the natural resources of the Territory through immigration and other means by imposing a tax on incomes and appropriating the proceeds for such purposes.

Act 165, creating counties within the Territory of Hawaii and providing for the government thereof.

Act 166, making special appropriations for the payment of certain claims against the Territory of Hawaii.

Act 167, to appropriate fifteen thousand (\$15,000.00) dollars to facilitate and expedite the granting of certain preference rights on the government lands of Pihoua and Waialeale, South Hilo.

Act 168, making appropriations out of general revenues for the biennial period ending June 30, 1915.

Act 169, authorizing and directing the superintendent of public works to construct a road through homestead lots in Pukele, Palolo Valley, Honolulu, and making an appropriation therefor.

Joint Resolution No. 1, relating to receiving pay-hours of the treasury of the Territory of Hawaii, adding a new provision to Joint Resolution No. 2, approved April 2nd, 1906.

## HIS BUSINESS.

"What business are you engaged in?"

"Collecting."

"Collecting what?"

"The living the world over me."—New York Herald.

Second Reading.

H. B. 311—Relating to the control of artesian wells.—Paxson.

H. B. 312—Relating to transfer of Kapiolani Park.—Paxson.

H. B. 313—Relating to bounties on mongoose.—Robertson.

H. B. 314—Extending the powers of the harbor commission.—Public Lands Committee.

H. B. 315—Relating to encouragement of agricultural pursuits.—Tavares.

H. B. 316—Relating to marketing of fruits, etc.—Tavares.

H. B. 317—Relating to cholera claims.—Health Committee.

H. B. 318—Relating to utterance of fictitious commercial paper.—Robertson.

H. B. 319—Relating to appropriations for certain warrants.—Watkins.

H. B. 320—Relating to defrauding of common carriers.—Tavares.

H. B. 321—Relating to counties Act.—Lyman.

H. B. 322—Relating to counties Act.—Lyman.

RESOLUTIONS.

Adopted.

H. C. R. 19—Relating to Honolulu Hale for site for city building.

Tabled.

H. C. R. 16—Relating to annual sessions of the legislature.

Deferred.

H. C. R. 18—Relating to women's suffrage.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Conference—Recommending amendments for S. B. 40, relating to gas franchise for South Hilo (Adopted).

Conference—Reporting failure to agree on S. B. 52, relating to Panama-Pacific Exposition and asking to be discharged (Adopted), and Cooke, Pali and Rice appointed as new conference committee.

Select Oahu—Recommending passage of H. B. 311 (Adopted), Recommending adoption of H. C. R. 19 (Adopted).

Conference—Recommending amendments to H. B. 99 (Adopted).

Conference—Recommending amendments to H. B. 300 (Adopted).

Judiciary—Recommending that H. C. R. 19 be tabled (Adopted).

Conference—Recommending amendments to H. B. 230 (Adopted).

Conference—Recommending amendments to H. B. 265 (Adopted).

Select Oahu—Recommending passage

## LEAVES CITY ON WEDDING EVE

Representative Wm. R. Kinziele  
Departs for Coast—Believed  
to Be Mentally Ill.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)

Without revealing his intention of leaving the islands and on the eve of his marriage, William R. Kinziele, member of the lower house of the legislature, left quietly on the Milton steamship Honolulu Tuesday evening. Not even to his brother did he mention his intention of leaving Honolulu. Only after the steamer had left Diamond Head far behind did his brother know that she had trusted in a broken reed.

The disappearance, or flight, of Kinziele aroused much interest in legislative and business circles yesterday. When his past actions in the legislature were discussed by fellow members and other friends, it was concluded that Kinziele had been mentally ill. His manner of voting on many measures was inexplicable and illogical. It is said he was helpless during sessions.

His bride-to-be arrived in Honolulu a week ago and was met by Kinziele while the ship was at quarantine. The young woman visited relatives on an other island and returned again Tuesday. Plans were perfected during the day for the marriage ceremony, which was set for last evening. Late in the afternoon the young woman saw Kinziele and he left her without any comment except that everything was being prepared for the ceremony, which was to have been held in a Catholic Church.

At eight o'clock Tuesday evening, it is said, she received a note from Kinziele in which he announced that he was going away and he requested her to light the steamer in a haphazard and a pointed. He said in one part that he was "going away to northern waters and would remain many years."

This phrase was incomprehensible to his friends.

Kinziele went to Castle and Cooke's shipping office shortly after five o'clock Tuesday afternoon and asked for passage to the Coast, explaining his departure with the statement that he had received a cablegram announcing the serious illness of a member of his family on the mainland and the necessity for his going as soon as possible. This is not an unusual statement to the steamship officials and it passed unnoticed in the case of Kinziele. He was provided with a ticket, went to the steamer in a hack and was seen going aboard.

The young lawmaker's desk in the house was full of documents and all manner of papers, private and other, as if the user had not prematurely fled or departed, but that he intended to be with his colleagues yesterday for the final day of the legislative session.

Kinziele was connected with the firm of T. H. Davies & Company when he was elected to the house as a Democrat. Before being with Davies & Company, Kinziele was employed by the firm of Fred L. Wadsworth Company. He is a member of the Hawaiian Boat Club, was interested in athletics and his mother left for the mainland a few weeks ago on account of ill-health. His brother, Herbert, and wife live at Kaimuki. They were not informed by William that he intended leaving the city.

House Proceedings.

Second Reading.

H. B. 139—Requesting government departments to attach name to automobiles in records of same.—Silva.

Passed Third Reading.

H. B. 107—Amending an Act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors.—Baker.

H. B. 124—Making it a misdemeanor to use or smoke opium.—Baker.

H. B. 148—Ordained to the authority of the City and County of Honolulu in the matter of state lands.—Judd.

H. B. 151—Amending an Act passed by the 1912 session relative to the water and sewer works and their transmission to the City and County of Honolulu.—Judd.

H. B. 171—Relating to receiving and paying hours of the treasury of the Territory of Hawaii.—Rice.

Third Reading April 30.

H. B. 269—Relating to the special income tax.—Lyman.

H. B. 141—To authorize the appointment of a commission to compile the sanitary code of the Territory of Hawaii.—Chillingworth.

H. B. 150—Relating to registration.—Pennhallow.

Referred to Committee.

H. B. 132—Relating to houses and places of lewdness, assignation and prostitution, providing for the abatement thereof, the injunction of persons connected therewith, and other matters incidental thereto.—Baker (Oahu Delegation).

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Miscellaneous, recommends H. B. 14 and 167 be tabled.—Adopted.

Agriculture, in re parts of Governor's message referred to it.—Filed.

Finance, recommends H. B. 168 be tabled.—Adopted.

Health and police, recommends H. B. 123 be returned to the house.—Adopted.

Recommends H. B. 139 pass.—Adopted.

Recommends S. B. 99 pass.—Report and bill tabled.

Judiciary, recommends S. B. 141 be tabled. Report tabled and bill passed second reading. Reports on H. B. 115.

Filed. Recommends H. B. 33 be tabled.—Adopted.

Recommends H. B. 5 be tabled.—Adopted.

Conference, recommends H. B. 281 pass.—Adopted.

Conference, recommends S. B. 40 pass.—Adopted.

Conference, S. B. 52 failed to agree and asked to be discharged.—Adopted.

Conference, H. B. 230 recommends pass.—Adopted.

Conference, recommends H. B. 91 pass.—Adopted.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS TABLED.

H. B. 5.—To provide the compulsory and uniform workmen's compensation.—Loti.

H. B. 14.—Regulating employment of labor on public works.—Kupihua.

H. B. 33.—To make uniform the laws regulating the compensation to employees for personal injuries sustained in the course of their employment.—McCandless.

H. B. 107.—Regulating the employment of labor.—Lyman.

S. B. 99.—Relating to the sanitary condition of dwellings.—Wirtz.

S. B. 108.—To regulate sales of in-

vestment securities, incorporate personal property interests in private undertakings.—HERR.

H. B. 8, 15, 48, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131 and 132; and H. P. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131 and 132; and H. P. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93